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Safety instructions for Ex areas

Please note the Ex-specific safety information for installation and operation in Ex areas. These safety instructions are part of the operating instructions manual and come with the Ex-approved instruments. Editing status: 2014-03-31

1 About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance and fault rectification. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained specialist personnel. The contents of this manual should be made available to these personnel and put into practice by them.

1.3 Symbols used

ĺ

Information, tip, note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.

Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.

Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.



Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

→ Action

This arrow indicates a single action.

1 Sequence of actions

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.

2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out only by trained specialist personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of the instrument can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill or damage to system components through incorrect mounting or adjustment.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and guidelines. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the necessary occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

2.5 CE conformity

The device fulfills the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm successful testing of the product.



Electromagnetic compatibility

Instruments in four-wire or Ex-d-ia version are designed for use in an industrial environment. Nevertheless, electromagnetic interference from electrical conductors and radiated emissions must be taken into account, as is usual with class A instruments according to EN 61326-1. If the instrument is used in a different environment, the electromagnetic compatibility to other instruments must be ensured by suitable measures.

2.6 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfills the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 43 Signal level for malfunction information from measuring transducers
- NE 53 Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components
- NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

For further information see www.namur.de.

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3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:





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- Operating instructions manual "Display and adjustment module" (optional)
- Ex-specific "Safety instructions" (with Ex versions)
- if necessary, further certificates

3.2 Principle of operation

The LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 is a level sensor with coax probe for continuous level or interface measurement, suitable for applications in liquids.

High frequency microwave pulses are guided along a steel cable or a rod. Upon reaching the product surface, the microwave pulses are reflected. The running time is evaluated by the instrument and outputted as level.



Fig. 2: Level measurement

- 1 Sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting)
- d Distance to the interface (HART value 1)
- h Height Level

Probe end tracking

To increase sensitivity, the probe is equipped with probe end tracking. In products with a low dielectric constant, this function is very helpful. This is the case, for example, in plastic granules, packing chips or in vessels with fluidized products.

Between a dielectric constant of 1.5 and 3, the function switches on, if required. As soon as the level echo can no longer be detected, probe end tracking is automatically activated. The measurement is continued with the last calculated dielectric constant.

The accuracy thus depends on the stability of the dielectric constant.

If you measure a medium with a dielectric constant below 1.5, probe end tracking is always active. In this case, you have to enter the dielectric constant of the medium. A stable dielectric constant is very important here.

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Functional principle - interface measurement

High frequency microwave impulses are guided along a steel cable or rod. Upon reaching the product surface, a part of the microwave impulses is reflected. The other part passes through the upper product and is reflected by the interface. The running times to the two product layers are processed by the instrument.



Fig. 3: Interface measurement

- 1 Sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting)
- d1 Distance to the interface (HART value 1)
- d2 Distance to the level (HART value 3)
- TS Thickness of the upper medium (d1 d2)
- h1 Height Interface
- h2 Height Level
- L1 Lower medium
- L2 Upper medium
- L3 Gas phase

Upper medium (L2)

- The upper medium must not be conductive
- The dielectric constant of the upper medium or the actual distance to the interface must be known (input required). Min. dielectric constant: 1.6.
- The composition of the upper medium must be stable, no varying products or mixtures
- The upper medium must be homogeneous, no stratifications within the medium
- Min. thickness of the upper medium 50 mm (1.97 in)
- Clear separation from the lower medium, emulsion phase or detritus layer max. 50 mm (1.97 in)
- If possible, no foam on the surface

Lower medium (L1)

• The dielectric constant must be 10 higher than the dielectric constant of the upper medium, preferably electrically conductive. Example: upper medium dielectric constant 2, lower medium at least dielectric constant 12.

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.09.2017	 Gas phase (L3) Air or gas mixture Gas phase - dependent on the application, gas pahse does not always exist (d2 = 0)
Output signal	The instrument is always preset to the application "Level measure- ment".
en) print	For the interface measurement, you can select the requested output signal with the setup.
geb	3.3 Packaging, transport and storage
Perkaging	Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.
s: RL (release	The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment- friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.
Transport	Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.
Z	The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.
00244 86 2 2022444 2022	Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.
AN 100	Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:
Ϋ́	 Not in the open Dry and dust free Not exposed to corrosive media Protected against solar radiation Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration
Storage and transport temperature	 Storage and transport temperature see chapter "Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions" Relative humidity 20 85 %
	3.4 Accessories and replacement parts
Display and adjustment module	The display and adjustment module is used for measured value indi- cation, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be inserted into the sensor and removed at any time.

You can find further information in the operating instructions "*Display and adjustment module*" (Document-ID 41787).

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Flanges 2102-60-22 27-60-22	Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ANSI B 16.5, JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80. You can find additional information in the supplementary instructions manual " <i>Flanges according to DIN-EN-ASME-JIS</i> " (Document-ID 33784).
1244872 EN Version: - Status: RL (released fregegeben) preded	The electronics module is a replacement part of the TDR sensors. A version is available for each type of signal output. You can find further information in the operating instructions manual <i>"Electronics module LEVEL TRANSMITTER 818X"</i> . If you mount the LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 in a bypass tube or standpipe, you have to avoid contact to the bypass tube by using a spacer at the probe end. You can find additional information in the operating instructions manual <i>"Centering"</i> .
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4 Mounting

41 General instructions

On instruments with process fitting thread, the hexagon must be tightened with a suitable screwdriver. Wrench size see chapter "Dimensions".

Warning:

The housing must not be used to screw the instrument in! Applying tightening force can damage internal parts of the housing.

Protect your instrument against moisture penetration through the following measures:

- Use the recommended cable (see chapter "Connecting to power supply")
- Tighten the cable gland
- Turn the housing in such a way that the cable gland points downward
- Loop the connection cable downward in front of the cable gland

This applies particularly to:

- Outdoor mounting
- Installations in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes)
- Installations on cooled or heated vessels

Article Carlon: - Status: RL (released | free to brinted: 22.2601) Z P#otective caps

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In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red protective caps as transport protection.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

The suitable cable glands and blind plugs come with the instrument.

Suitability for the process Make sure that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are conditions suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions are particularly:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences

You can find the specifications of the process conditions in chapter "Technical data" as well as on the type label.



4.2 Mounting instructions

During operation, the probe must not touch any installations or the vessel wall. If necessary, fasten the probe end.

In vessels with conical bottom it can be advantageous to mount the sensor in the center of the vessel, as measurement is then possible nearly down to the lowest point of the bottom. Keep in mind that measurement all the way down to the tip of the probe may not be possible. The exact value of the min. distance (lower dead band) is stated in chapter "*Technical data*".



Fig. 4: Vessel with conical bottom

Before beginning the welding work, remove the electronics module from the sensor. By doing this, you avoid damage to the electronics through inductive coupling.

Do not mount the instruments in or above the filling stream. Make sure that you detect the product surface, not the inflowing product.



Fig. 5: Mounting of the sensor with inflowing medium



Measuring range	The reference plane for the measuring range of the sensors is the sealing surface of the thread or flange.
nted: 22.09.2017	Keep in mind that a min. distance must be maintained below the refer- ence plane and possibly also at the end of the probe - measurement in these areas is not possible (dead band). These dead bands are listed in chapter " <i>Technical data</i> ". Keep in mind for the adjustment that the default setting for the measuring range refers to water.
	The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Before use, check if the seal material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.
freigege	The max. permissible pressure is specified in chapter " <i>Technical data</i> " or on the type label of the sensor.
Seam boiler applications	Vapours, superimposed gases, high pressures and temperature dif- ferences can change the spreading speed of radar impulses.
Version: - Status: RL (r	Corrective value in the process control system In the technical data under "Influence of superimposed gas and pres- sure on accuracy" you can find a table with deviation values in some typical gases or in steam. In the control system (DCS) you can correct the measurement results of the LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 with these values. The prerequisite is constant temperature and pressure in the vessel.
MAN 1000244872 EN	Automatic correction via the reference distance The LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 can be equipped optionally with a running time correction via reference distance. The probe can carry out an automatic running time correction with it. The reference point must hence not be overfilled. The upper dead band is hence 450 mm (17.7 in).





Fig. 6: Measuring ranges - LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 with steam compensation

- 1 Reference plane
- 2 Probe length L
- 3 Measuring range
- 4 Upper dead zone with steam compensation = 450 mm (17.7 in)
- 5 Lower dead band
- 6 Reference measurement distance to steam compensation

5

printed: 22.25	 5.1 Preparing the connection Always keep in mind the following safety instructions: Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed
Valtage supply	Power supply and current signal are carried on the same two-wire cable. The operating voltage can differ depending on the instrument version.
reig	The data for power supply are specified in chapter "Technical data".
sed f	Provide a reliable separation between the supply circuit and the mains circuits according to DIN EN 61140 VDE 0140-1.
(relea	Keep in mind the following additional factors that influence the operat- ing voltage:
: - Status: RL	 Lower output voltage of the power supply unit under nominal load (e.g. with a sensor current of 20.5 mA or 22 mA in case of fault) Influence of additional instruments in the circuit (see load values in chapter "<i>Technical data</i>")
Connection cable	The instrument is connected with standard two-wire cable without screen. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326-1 for industrial areas, screened cable should be used.
44872	We generally recommend the use of screened cable for HART multi- drop mode.
AN 10002	Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. To ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating), find out which cable outer diameter the cable gland is suitable for.
2	Use a cable gland fitting the cable diameter.
Cable gland ½ NPT	With plastic housing, the NPT cable gland or the Conduit steel tube must be screwed without grease into the threaded insert.
	Max. torque for all housings see chapter "Technical data".
Cable screening and grounding	If screened cable is required, we recommend connecting the cable screen on both ends to ground potential. In the sensor, the screen must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal on the outside of the housing must be connected to the ground potential (low impedance).
(Ex)	With Ex systems, the grounding is carried out according to the instal- lation regulations.
	In electroplating and CCP systems (cathodic corrosion protection) it must be taken into account that significant potential differences exist. This can lead to unacceptably high shield currents if the cable shield is grounded at both ends.

Connecting to power supply

d: 22.09.2017	Information: The metallic parts of the instrument (process fitting, transmitter, con- centric tube, etc.) are conductively connected with the inner and outer ground terminal on the housing. This connection exists either directly via connecting metallic parts or, in case of instruments with external electronics, via the screen of the special connection cable.
printed	instrument in chapter "Technical data".
) (nec	5.2 Connecting
Cannection technology	The voltage supply and signal output are connected via the spring- loaded terminals in the housing.
d fre	Connection to the display and adjustment module or to the interface adapter is carried out via contact pins in the housing.
atus: RL (release	Information: The terminal block is pluggable and can be removed from the electronics. To do this, lift the terminal block with a small screwdriver and pull it out. When reinserting the terminal block, you should hear it snap in.
Connection procedure	Proceed as follows:
:uo	1. Unscrew the housing cover
Versi	2. If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turn- ing it slightly to the left.
Z Ш	3. Loosen compression nut of the cable entry gland
4872	 Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
024	5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
MAN 100	

Fig. 7: Connection steps 5 and 6 - Single chamber housing

6. Insert the wire ends into the terminals according to the wiring plan



Information:

Solid cores as well as flexible cores with wire end sleeves are inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores without end sleeves, press the terminal from above with a small screwdriver, the terminal opening is then free. When the screwdriver is released, the terminal closes again.

You can find further information on the max. wire cross-section under "Technical data/Electromechanical data"

- 7. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 8. Connect the screen to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal to potential equalisation
- 9. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 10. Reinsert the display and adjustment module, if one was installed
- 11. Screw the housing cover back on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing

The following illustration applies to the non-Ex, Ex-ia and Ex-d ver-



Fig. 8: Electronics and terminal compartment, single chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply, signal output
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 For external display and adjustment unit
- 4 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

5.4 Switch-on phase

After connecting the instrument to power supply or after a voltage recurrence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 30 s:

- Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of the instrument type, hardware and software version, measurement loop name on the display or PC
- Indication of the status message "F 105 Determine measured value" on the display or PC
- The output signal jumps to the set fault current



As soon as a plausible measured value is found, the corresponding current is outputted to the signal cable. The value corresponds to the actual level as well as the settings already carried out, e.g. factory setting.



6 Set up with the display and adjustment module

6.1 Insert display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. You can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing cover
- 2. Place the display and adjustment module in the requested position onto the electronics and turn to the right until it snaps in
- 3. Screw housing cover with inspection window tightly back on

Removal is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.



Fig. 9: Insertion of the display and adjustment module with single chamber housing



Note:

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher cover with an inspection glass is required.

6.2 Adjustment system



2102 66 Measured value indication



- Device name
- Software version (SW-Ver)
- Hardware version (HW-Ver)

With the [->] key you can move between three different indication modes.

In the first view, the selected measured value is displayed in large digits.

In the second view, the selected measured value and a corresponding bar graph presentation are displayed.

In the third view, the selected measured value as well as a second selectable value, e.g. the temperature, are displayed.



6.3 Parameter adjustment - Quick setup

To quickly and easily adapt the sensor to the application, select the menu item "*Quick setup*" in the start graphic on the display and adjustment module.



You can find "Extended adjustment" in the next sub-chapter.

H General information WAN NAM

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Measurement loop name

In the first menu item you can assign a suitable measurement loop name. You can enter a name with max. 19 characters.

Type of medium

In the next menu item you can see which type of medium the instrument is suitable for. If your instrument is only suitable for a certain medium, this menu item is not visible.

Application

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In this menu item, you can select the application. You can choose between level measurement and interface measurement. You can also choose between measurement in a vessel or in a bypass or standpipe.





Type of medium	
Liquid	▼

Level measurement

Medium - dielectric constant

In this menu item, you can define the type of medium (product).

Max. adjustment

In this menu item, you can enter the max. adjustment for the level.

Enter the appropriate distance value in m (corresponding to the percentage value) for the full vessel. The distance refers to the sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting). Keep in mind that the max. level must lie below the dead band.

Min. adjustment

In this menu item, you can enter the min. adjustment for the level.

Enter the suitable distance value in m for the empty vessel (e.g. distance from the flange to the probe end) corresponding to the percentage value. The distance refers tot he sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting).



In this menu item, you can define the type of medium (product).

Max. adjustment

Dielectric constant - upper medium

In this menu item, you can enter the max. adjustment for the level.

Enter the appropriate distance value in m (corresponding to the percentage value) for the full vessel. The distance refers to the sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting). Keep in mind that the max. level must lie below the dead band.

Min. adjustment

In this menu item, you can enter the min. adjustment for the level.

Enter the suitable distance value in m for the empty vessel (e.g. distance from the flange to the probe end) corresponding to the percentage value. The distance refers tot he sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting).



Max. adjustment - Interface

Carry out the max. adjustment for the interface.

To do this, enter the percentage value and the suitable distance value in m for the full vessel.

Min. adjustment - Interface

Carry out the min. adjustment for the interface.

To do this, enter the percentage value and the suitable distance value in m for the empty vessel.



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Linearization Linearization

A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e.g. a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank, when the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume.

The linearization applies for the measured value indication and the current output. By activating the suitable curve, the percentage vessel volume is displayed correctly.

False signal suppression

High sockets and internal vessel installations cause interfering reflections and can influence the measurement.

A false signal suppression detects, marks and saves these false signals so that they are no longer taken into account for the level and interface measurement. We generally recommend carrying out a false signal suppression to achieve the best possible accuracy. This should be done with the lowest possible level so that all potential interfering reflections can be detected.

Enter the actual distance from the sensor to the product surface.

All interfering signals in this section are detected by the sensor and stored.

The instrument carries out an automatic false signal suppression as soon as the probe is uncovered. The false signal suppression is always updated.

Linearization	False signal suppression
Linear 💌	Change?

6.4 Parameter adjustment - Extended adjustment

For technically demanding measuring points, you can carry out extended settings in "*Extended adjustment*".



Main menu

The main menu is divided into five sections with the following functions:



Setup: Settings, e.g. measurement loop name, medium, vessel, adjustment, signal output, device unit, false signal suppression, linearization curve

Display: Settings, e.g., for language, measured value display, lighting

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Diagnosis: Information, e.g. on instrument status, pointer, measurement reliability, simulation, echo curve

Additional adjustments: Reset, date/time, reset, copy function

Info: Instrument name, hardware and software version, date of manufacture, instrument features

Note:

For optimum adjustment of the measuring point, the individual submenu items in the main menu item "*Setup*" should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameters. If possible, go through the items in the given sequence.

The procedure is described below.

The following submenu points are available:

Setup	Setup
Measurement loop name	Damping
Units	Linearization
Probe length	Scaling level
Application	Current output
Adjustment level	HART variables
T	-

Setup Min. adjustment level Damping Linearization Scaling level 1 Scaling level 2

The submenu points described below.

Here you can assign a suitable measurement loop name. Push the "OK" key to start the processing. With the "+" key you change the sign and with the "->" key you jump to the next position.

You can enter names with max. 19 characters. The character set comprises:

- Capital letters from A ... Z
- Numbers from 0 ... 9
- Special characters + / _ blanks

Measurement loop name TANK Ø4

entroped and and 1000244872 EN Version: stiun stiun

Stetup - Measurement

loop name

In this menu item you select the distance unit and the temperature unit.

•

With the distance units you can choose between m, mm and ft and with the temperature units betwenn °C, °F and K.

Setup - Probe length

In this menu item you can enter the probe length or have the length determined automatically by the sensor system.

When choosing "Yes", then the probe length will be determined automatically. When choosing "No", you can enter the probe length manually.





phase

This menu item is only available, if you have chosen interface measurement under the menu item "*Application*". In this menu item you can enter if there is a superimposed gas phase in your application.



Only set the function to "Yes", if the gas phase is permanently present. ed: 22.09.2017 Application Superimposed gas phase Superimposed gas phase présent? present? Product type No Application Yes T Yes Gas phase Dielectric figure Setup - Application - Di-This menu item is only available if you have selected interface measelectric constant urement under the menu item "Application". In this menu item you can Status: RL (released | freigegeben) choose the type of medium of the upper medium. Application Dielectric figure Dielectric constant upper medium Product type 2.000 Enter Application Calculate Gas phase Dielectric figure You can enter the dielectric constant of the upper medium directly or have the value determined by the instrument. To do this you have to enter the measured or known distance to the interface. Dielectric constant Distance to the interface 02.0 00000 mm 100.0 99999 1.0 Setup - Max. adjustment In this menu item you can enter the max. adjustment for the level. With Level interface measurement this is the maximum total level. Adjustment level Max. adjustment level ZШ 100.00% Max. adjustment level MAN 1000244872 Min. adjustment level 50 mm 726 mm Adjust the requested percentage value with [+] and store with [OK]. Max. adjustment level **1**100.00 \mathbf{z} -10,00 110.00 Enter the appropriate distance value in m (corresponding to the percentage value) for the full vessel. The distance refers to the sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting). Keep in mind that the max. level must lie below the dead band. Max. adjustment level [00050]mr 80000

Setup - Min. adjustment Level

In this menu item you can enter the min. adjustment for the level. With interface measurement this is the minimum total level.



Adjust the requested percentage value with [+] and store with [OK].



Enter the suitable distance value in m for the empty vessel (e.g. distance from the flange to the probe end) corresponding to the percentage value. The distance refers to the sensor reference plane (seal surface of the process fitting).



Status - Max. adjustment - Inserface

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This menu item is only available if you have selected interface measurement under the menu item "*Application*".



You can accept the adjustment of the level measurement also for the interface measurement. If you select "Yes", the current setting will be displayed.



If you have selected "*No*", you can enter the adjustment for the interface separately. Enter the requested percentage value.



For the full vessel, enter the distance value in m matching the percentage value.

Setup - Min. adjustment -Interface This menu item is only available if you have selected interface measurement under the menu item "Application". If you have selected "Yes" in the previous menu item (accept adjustment of the level measurement), the current setting will be displayed.



If you have selected "No", you can enter the adjustment for the interface measurement separately. 46222-EN-140605







If a linearization curve is selected, the measuring signal is no longer necessarily linear to the filling height. This must be considered by the user especially when adjusting the switching point on the limit signal transmitter.

In the following, you have to enter the values for your vessel, for example the vessel height and the socket correction.

For non-linear vessel forms, enter the vessel height und the socket correction.

For the vessel height, you have to enter the total height of the vessel.

For the socket correction you have to enter the height of the socket above the upper edge of the vessel. If the socket is lower than the upper edge of the vessel, this value can also be negative.

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Fig. 11: Vessel height und socket correction value

- D Vessel height
- +h Positive socket correction value
- -h Negative socket correction value



Setup - Scaling Level

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Since scaling is very extensive, scaling of the level value was divided into two menu items.

Scaling level Scaling level (1) Scaling level 2



In menu item "Level 1" you define the scaling variable and the scaling unit for the level value on the display, e.g. volume in I.





Setup - Scaling Level 2	Since scaling is very extensive, scaling of the level value was divided into two menu items.			
017	Scaling level Scaling			
<u> </u>	Scaling level (1) 100 % = 100			
: 22.0	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \hline $			
printed	In menu item " <i>Level 2</i> " you define the scaling format on the display and the scaling of the measured level value for 0 % and 100 %.			
reigegeben)	Soaling format Soaling 100% Soaling 100% XXXX.XX XXXXXX Image: Control of the state of			
Setup - Scaling Interface	Since scaling is very extensive, scaling of the interface value was divided into two menu items.			
Setup - Scaling Interface	In menu item "Interface 1" you define the scaling size and the scalin unit for the interface value on the display, e.g. volume in I.			
- Status:	You can accept the scaling of the level measurement also for the interface measurement. If you select " <i>Yes</i> ", the current setting is displayed.			
Version	Scaling interface Take over scaling of the level neasurement? Scaling interface (2) Yes			
372 EN	If you have selected " <i>No</i> ", you can enter the scaling for the interface separately.			
10002448	Scaling variable Mass Flow Volume Volume Volume Volume H			
AAN	in ³			
Setup - Scaling Interface (2)	In menu item "Interface (2)" you define the scaling format on the display and the scaling of the interface measured value for 0% and 100% .			
	Scaling interface Scaling interface (1) Scaling interface (1) Scaling interface (2) 0 × = 0 1			
	Scaling format Scaling 100 % Scaling 100 % XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX Scaling 0 % XXXXXX XXXXXX I I YXXXXX Y Y Y XXXXXX Y Y I YXXXXX Y Y Y YXXXXX Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y			
Setup - Current output Size	In menu item" <i>Current output, size</i> " you determine which measured value the current output refers to.			





current output separately. In menu item"*Current output 2*" you specify which measured value

In menu item "Current output 2" you specify which measured value the additional current output refers to.

The procedure corresponds to the previous settings of the standard current output. See "*Setup - Current output*".







All interfering signals in this section are detected by the sensor and stored.

Note:

Check the distance to the product surface, because if an incorrect (too large) value is entered, the existing level will be saved as a false echo. The filling level would then no longer be detectable in this area.

If a false signal suppression has already been created in the sensor, the following menu window appears when selecting "*False signal suppression*":



The instrument carries out an automatic false signal suppression as soon as the probe is uncovered. The false signal suppression is always updated.

The menu item "*Delete*" is used to completely delete an already created false signal suppression. This is useful if the saved false signal suppression no longer matches the metrological conditions in the vessel.

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In the menu item "*Lock/unlock adjustment*", you can protect the sensor parameters against unauthorized modification. The PIN is activated/deactivated permanently.

The following adjustment functions are possible without entering the PIN:

- Select menu items and show data
- Read data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module.





Caution:

With active PIN, adjustment via PACTware/DTM as well as other systems is also blocked.

You can change the PIN number under "Additional adjustments - PIN".

Display

In the main menu point "*Display*", the individual submenu points should be selected subsequently and provided with the correct parameters to ensure the optimum adjustment of the display options. The procedure is described in the following.

The following submenu points are available:



nted: 22.09.2017	Display Menu Language Indication value 1 Indication value 2 Backlight The submenu points described below.		
DĒsplay - Menu language	This menu item enables the setting of the requested national lan-		
freigegeben)	guage. Menu language Deutsch ✓======= Français Español Pycokuu		
leased	In the delivery status, the sensor is set to the ordered national lan- guage.		
Version: - Status: Ratus: Ratus: - Status: - Ratus: - Status: - Ratus: - Ra	In this menu item, you define the indication of the measured value on the display. You can display two different measured values. In this menu item, you define measured value 1. Indication value 1 Percent, level Lin, percent, level Jinter for the vel Scaled level The default setting for the displayed value 1 is " <i>Filling height Level</i> ".		
N H 228942 20001 NAM NAM NAM NAM NAM NAM NAM NAM NAM NAM	In this menu item, you define the indication of the measured value on the display. You can display two different measured values. In this menu item, you define measured value 2. Displayed value 2 Electronics temperature Dielectric constant Current The default setting for the displayed value 2 is the electronics temperature.		
Display - Backlight	The optionally integrated background lighting can be adjusted via the adjustment menu. The function depends on the height of the supply voltage, see " <i>Technical data</i> ". Backlight Switched off Switched off Switch on?		
Diagnostics - Device status	In this menu item, the device status is displayed.		

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17	Diagnostics Device status Peak values Distance Peak indicator, reliab.	Device status OK		
.09.20	Peak values further Echo curve ▼			
Diagnostics - Peak values Distance	The respective min. ar sor. The two values are <i>distance</i> ".	nd max. measured value e displayed in the menu	is saved in the sen- item " <i>Peak values,</i>	
Jeben) pr	If you have selected in "Setup - Application", 1 are displayed in addition	terface measurement u the peak values of the ir on to the peak values of	nder the menu item iterface measurement the level measurement.	
sed freige	Diagnostics Device status Peak values Distance Peak values further Peak values further Echo curve	Distance to the level Min. 68 mm Max. 265 mm Distance to the interface Min. 132 mm Max. 322 mm		
L (relea	In another window you separately.	I can carry out a reset of	the two peak values	
- Status: R	Reset peak indicator Distance to the level Distance to the interface			
Dignostics - Peak values Measurement certainty	The respective min. and max. measured values are saved in the sensor. The two values are displayed in the menu item " <i>Peak values, measurement certainty</i> ".			
244872 EN	The measurement car this menu item, the me is displayed as percent able the measurement	h be influenced by the pr easurement certainty of tage value. The higher t t. Values > 90 % indicate	ocess conditions. In the level measurement he value, the more reli- e reliable measurement.	
AN 1000	If you have selected in "Setup - Application", a are displayed in addition	terface measurement u the peak values of the ir on to the peak values of	nder the menu item iterface measurement the level measurement.	
Σ	Diagnostics Device status Peak values Distance Peak indicator, reliab. Peak values further Echo curve	Meas.reliability, level Min. 100.0 % Max. 100.0 % Meas.reliability.interface Min. 999.9 % Max999.9 %		
	In another window you separately.	I can carry out a reset of	the two peak values	
	Reset peak indicator Meas. reliability, level Meas.reliab.interface			
Diagnostics - Peak values Additional	The respective min. ar sensor. The values are <i>ditional</i> ".	nd max. measured value e displayed in the menu i	s are saved in the item " <i>Peak values Ad-</i>	
	This menu item display ture as well as the diel	ys the peak values of the ectric constant.	e electronics tempera-	






Push the [ESC] key to deactivate the simulation.



2017	Information: The simulation is terminated automatically 60 minutes after the last key has been pressed.		
Dagnostics - Echo curve	With the menu item " <i>Setup</i> " the echo curve it is possible to save at the time of setup. This is generally recommended; for using the Asset Management functions it is necessary. If possible, the curve should be saved with a low level in the vessel.		
igegeben) pr	With this, you can detect signal changes over the operating time. With the adjustment software PACTware and the PC, the high-resolution echo curve can be displayed and used to compare the echo curve of the setup with the actual echo curve.		
eased fre	Seture Echo curve memory of the setup?		
RL (rel	The function " <i>Echo curve memory</i> " enables storing echo curves of the measurement.		
tatus:	Under the sub-menu item " <i>Echo curve memory</i> " you can store the current echo curve.		
sion: - Si	Parameter settings for recording the echo curve and the settings of the echo curve itself can be carried out in the adjustment software PACTware.		
<pre></pre>	With the adjustment software PACTware and the PC the high-reso- lution echo curve can be displayed and used later on to assess the		
	quality of the measurement.		
1000244872	Diagnostics Echo curve nemory Simulation Echo curve nemory Echo curve nemory		
Aaditional settings - PIN	Entering a 4-digit PIN protects the sensor data against unauthorized access and unintentional modification. In this menu item, the PIN is displayed or edited and changed. However, this menu item is only available if adjustment is enabled in the menu " <i>Lock/Release setup/adjustment</i> ".		
	Ridditional adjustments PIN Date-Time Reset Copy instr. settings 0 Probe type Change?		
Additional adjustments -	In this menu item, the internal clock of the sensor is adjusted.		
	Additional adjustments Date/Time Format PIN Date/Time 16:34 24 h Date/Time 16:34 24 h		
	Copy instr. settings 29. Nov 2012 12 h Probe type Change now?		

LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 • 4 20 mA/HART	two-wire

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Menu item	Default value	Modified value
Rock adjustment	Released	
Reasurement loop name	Sensor	
Units	Distance unit: mm	
AM	Temperature unit: °C	
Probe length	Length of the probe Ex factory	
Type of medium	Liquid	
Application	Level, vessel	
Medium, dielectric constant	Water-based, > 10	
Superimposed gas phase	Yes	
Dielectric constant, upper medium (TS)	1.5	
Tube inner diameter	200 mm	
Max. adjustment - Level	100 %	
Max. adjustment - Level	Distance: 0.000 m(d) - note block- ing distances	
Min. adjustment - Level	0 %	
Min. adjustment - Level	Distance: Probe length - take dead band into account	
Accept adjustment of the level measurement?	Yes	

LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 • 4 ... 20 mA/HART two-wire



Menu item	Default value	Modified value
Max. adjustment - Interface	100 %	
Max. adjustment - Interface	Distance: 0.000 m(d) - note block- ing distances	
Min. adjustment - Interface	0 %	
Nen. adjustment - Interface	Distance: Probe length - take dead band into account	
Integration time - Level	0.0 s	
logegration time - Interface	0.0 s	
Lopearization type	Linear	
Leenization - Socket correction	0 mm	
Linearization - Vessel height	Probe length	
Socialing size - Level	Volume in I	
Sealing unit - Level	Litres	
疑 aling format - Level	Without decimal positions	
sealing level - 100 % correspond to	100	
Spaling level - 0 % correspond to	0	
Accept scaling of the level measurement	Yes	
Sealing variable - Interface	Volume	
Sealing unit - Interface	Litres	
🛣 aling format - Interface	Without decimal positions	
Staling interface - 100 % correspond to	100	
Scaling interface - 0 % correspond to	0	
Grrent output, output variable ∰st HART variable (PV)	Lin. percent - Level	
Gurrent output - Output characteristics	0 100 % correspond to 4 20 mA	
Current output - Reaction in case of failure	≤ 3.6 mA	
Current output - Min.	3.8 mA	
Current output - Max.	20.5 mA	
Current output 2 - Output variable	Distance - Level	
Second HART variable (SV)		
Current output 2 - Output characteristics	0 100 % correspond to 4 20 mA	
Current output 2 - Reaction in case of failure	≤ 3.6 mA	
Current output - Min.	3.8 mA	
Current output - Max.	20.5 mA	
Third HART variable (TV)	Measurement certainty, level	
Fourth HART variable (QV)	Electronics temperature	

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Display

Menu item	Default value	Modified value
Language	Order-specific	
Displayed value 1	Filling height Level	
Displayed value 2	Electronics temperature	
Backlight	Switched off	
ā.		·

Diagnostics

Ngenu item	Default value	Modified value
Sustantials - Function control	Switched on	
Status signals - Out of specification	Switched off	
Spatus signals - Maintenance	Switched off	
wice memory - Echo curve memory	Stopped	
Device memory - Measured value memory	Started	
Bevice memory - Measured value memory - Measured values	Distance level, percentage value level, reliability level, electronics temperature	
Device memory - Measured value memory - Re- cording in time interval	3 min.	
Re- cerding with measured value difference	15 %	
Heasured value memory - Measured value memory - Start with measured value	Not active	
bevice memory - Measured value memory - Stop	Not active	
Revice memory - Measured value memory - Stop recording when memory is full	Not active	

Z Additional adjustments

Menu item	Default value	Modified value
PIN	0000	
Date	Actual date	
Time	Actual time	
Time - Format	24 hours	
Probe type	Device-specific	

Additional adjustments -Copy instrument settings

The instrument settings are copied with this function. The following functions are available:

- Read from sensor: Read data from sensor and store into the display and adjustment module
- Write into sensor: Store data from the display and adjustment module back to the sensor



The following data or settings for adjustment of the display and adjustment module are saved:

- All data of the menu "Setup" and "Display"
- In the menu "Additional adjustments" the items "Reset, Date/Time"
- Special parameters



The copied data are permanently saved in an EEPROM memory in the display and adjustment module and remain there even in case of power failure. From there, they can be written into one or more sensors or kept as backup for a possible electronics exchange.

Additional adjustments -Probe type Note:

Before the data are stored in the sensor, a check is carried out to determine if the data fit the sensor. If the data do not fit, a fault signal is triggered or the function is blocked. When data are being written into the sensor, the display shows which instrument type the data originate from and which TAG-no. this sensor had.

In this menu item you can select the type and size of your probe from a list of all possible probes. This is necessary to adapt the electronics optimally to the probe.

Additional adjustments Reset	Probe type
Copy instr. settings <u>Probe type</u> Special parameter HART mode V	Rod 8mm

Probe type	
Rod 8nn	▼

robe type Rod 8mm Cable 2mm centr. weight Cable 2mm grav. weight Cable 4nn centr. weight Cable 4nn gravity weight

In this menu item you gain access to the protected area where you can enter special parameters. In exceptional cases, individual parameters can be modified in order to adapt the sensor to special requirements.

Change the settings of the special parameters only after having contacted our service staff.



Additional adjustments -HART mode

Additional adjustments -

Special parameters

Probe type

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The sensor offers the HART modes "Analogue current output" and "Fix current (4 mA)". In this menu item you determine the HART mode and enter the address with Multidrop mode.

In the mode "Fixed current output" up to 63 sensors can be operated on one two-wire cable (Multidrop operation). An address between 0 and 63 must be assigned to each sensor.

If you select the function "Analogue current output" and also enter an address number, you can output a 4 ... 20 mA signal in Multidrop mode.



With the mode "Fixed current (4 mA)" a fixed 4 mA signal is outputted

2	independently of the a	actual level.	0
1: 22.09.201	Additional adjustments Probe type Special parameter HART mode PIN V	HART address 0 Loop current node Analogue current output	Rddress
en) printec	Loop current mode /www.current cutput Fix current (4 mR)		
reigeget	The default setting is '	Analogue current output	and the address 00.
bio - Instrument name	In this menu, you read serial number.	l out the instrument name	and the instrument
ווייס - Instrument version אדר איז איז אדר איז	In this menu item, the displayed. Software version 1.0.0 Hardware version 1.0.0	hardware and software v	ersion of the sensor is
NITE - Factory calibration	In this menu item, the as the date of the last the display and adjust Factory calibration date 3. Aug 2012 Last change 29. Nov 2012	date of factory calibratior change of sensor parame ment module or via the P	n of the sensor as well eters are displayed via C.
fro - Sensor character- stics ≥	In this menu item, the cess fitting, seal, mea are displayed. Sensor characteristics	features of the sensor su suring range, electronics,	ch as approval, pro- housing and others
	Display now?		

6.5 Saving the parameter adjustment data

We recommended noting the adjusted data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

If the instrument is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the data in the sensor can be saved in the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*" in the menu item "*Copy sensor data*". The data remain there permanently even if the sensor power supply fails.



The following data or settings for adjustment of the display and adjustment module are saved:

- All data of the menu "Setup" and "Display"
- In the menu "Additional adjustments" the items "Sensor-specific units, temperature unit and linearization"
- The values of the user programmable linearization curve

The function can also be used to transfer settings from one instrument to another instrument of the same type. If it is necessary to exchange a sensor, the display and adjustment module is inserted into the replacement instrument and the data are likewise written into the sensor via the menu item "*Copy sensor data*".

7 Setup with PACTware

7.1 Connect the PC



Fig. 12: Connecting the PC via HART to the signal cable

- 1 Sensor
- 2 HART resistance 250 Ω (optional depending on processing)
- 3 Connection cable with 2 mm pins and terminals
- 4 Processing system/PLC/Voltage supply

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

For parameter adjustment of the sensor via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The available DTMs are compiled on a DVD. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.

Note:

To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

The further setup steps are described in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.

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	Sensor # Online Parametri	erung		4 ▷ 🗙
	1			
2017	Device name: Description: Measurement loop	8188 / 8189 HART TDR sensor for continuous level measurement with p name: Sensor	14 20 mA/HART interface	BURKERE FLUID CONTROL SYSTEMS
60	⊡ • 🍓 🌯 • 📾 • ■	III 🛛 🕶		
52		Adjustment, level (Set distances for le	vel percentages)	
geben) printed:)	Application Adjustment, level Damping Type of linearization Scaling, level Current output 2 HART variables Fake signal suppression Diapolary Diapolary	Max. adjustment ⇔	Sensor reference plane Distance A Distance B	
	- Additional settings	Max. adjustment in %	100,00 %	
fre	Measured values	Distance A	80 m	m
q	Software version 1.1.0/PRE05	Min. adjustment in %	0,00 %	
se	Serial number 90000008	Distance B	989 m	m
RL (relea	Percent, level	Distance to level	657 mm	
S: I			OK Cancel	Apply
atu	Connected 🛛 😥 🖁 Device	e and data set 🛛 🛛 Administrator		
\$	Fig. 13: Example	of a DTM view		
2				
Device DTMs	The device DTI simplifying the project docume	M includes an assistant for s adjustment considerably. Yo entation as well as import ar	simple project con ou can save and p nd export projects	ifiguration rint your
ш	You can also sa	ave measured value and ecl	ho curves in the D	TM.
00244872	Furthermore a tindication and a are available.	tank calculation program as analysis of the saved measu	well as a multivie ured value and ecl	wer for ho curves
AN 100	The supplied D can also downl	VD includes the respective oad the DTM from our home	device DTM. How epage <u>www.buerk</u>	/ever, you <u>ært.com</u> .
Ž				

7.3 Set up with the quick setup

General information

The guick setup is another option for parameter adjustment of the sensor. It allows fast, convenient adjustment of the most important parameters to adapt the sensor quickly to standard applications. To use it, select the function "Quick setup" in the start screen.

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T		N P
Device name: Description: Measurement loop name:	188 / 8189 HART IDR sensor for continuous level measurement with 4 20 mA/HART interface iensor	
Setup and maintenance		
T	Quick setup Quick setup Quick setup Quick setup Quick setup Assistant-guided parameter adjustment for sta This function is only available with connected	ndard applications. sensor (online).
	Extended adjustment Extended adjustment Parameter adjustment of all sensor functions. T also an offline parameter adjustment.	This function enables
	Maintenance Assistants for diagnosis and service. These fun	ctions are only
	available with connected sensor (online).	

Fig. 14: Select quick setup

- 1 Quick setup
- 2 Extended adjustment
- 3 Maintenance

Quick setup

With quick setup you can carry out the parameter adjustment of LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188 for your application in just a few simple steps. The assistant-driven adjustment includes the basic settings for simple, reliable setup and commissioning.

Information: If the function

If the function is inactive, then possibly no instrument is connected. Check the connection to the instrument.

Extended adjustment

With the extended adjustment, you carry out the parameter adjustment for the instrument via the clear menu structure in the DTM (Device Type Manager). This enables additional and special settings over and above those offered by quick setup.

Maintenance

Under the menu item "*Maintenance*" you get comprehensive and important support for servicing and maintenance. You can call up diagnostic functions and carry out an electronics exchange or a software update.

Start quick setup

Click to the button "*Quick setup*", to start the assistant-driven adjustment for a simplified and reliable setup.



Step 1 Instrument configuration 2007 20 2007 2007	Device name Here, you can find the instrument name. You cannot change this line because the instrument name is unmodifiably saved in the instrument.		
	Serial number Here, you can find the serial number of your instrument. You cannot change this line because the serial number is unmodifiably saved in the instrument.		
reigegeben) pri	Measurement loop name Here you can enter a suitable measurement loop name for your LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188. You can enter a name with max. 19 characters. You can use capital and small letters as well as numbers. The following special characters are also possible: + : , () / <>		
leased f	Probe length modified? If you have modified the probe length, this must be entered in the selection field.		
itatus: RL (rel	 If you select "<i>No</i>", then the instrument uses automatically the preset length of the default setting. If you select "<i>Yes</i>", then you can enter in another field the modified length of the instrument. 		
Version:	Probe length L from seal surface If you have modified the length of the probe, you can enter in this field the modified probe length. Keep the selected unit in mind.		
NU 14872 EN Step 2 Application	Determine probe length automatically If you do not know the probe length, you can have the length of the probe determined automatically. The requirement for this is a probe unrestricted and not covered by the medium.		
	Click to "Carry out now", to start the automatic length determination.		
	Type of medium Here you can see which type of medium your instrument is suitable for. If this function is inactive, the medium type your instrument is suit- able for was already preset.		
•	Information.		

Information:

1

In special cases you can change the type of medium. This setting can be changed under "*Extended adjustment*".

Application

In this field you can select the application you want to use your instrument for. You have the following selection options:

- Level in the vessel
- Level in the bypass/standpipe
- Interface in the vessel
- Interface in the bypass/standpipe
- Demonstration mode

Level measurement: If you select "*Level*", you can select the properties of the medium in another field.

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Interface measurement: If you select "Interface", the instrument needs more information, such as the distance to the interface, the dielectric constant of the upper medium or whether or not there is a superimposed gas phase.

Demonstration mode: This mode is only suitable for test and demonstration purposes. In this mode, the sensor ignores all parameters and reacts immediately to all measured value changes within the measuring range.

Application - Level measurement

The level measurement refers to the product surface which is the limit to the gas phase.

As a standard feature, the instrument is set to level measurement of liquids. You can switch over the instrument to the measurement of bulk solids.

- Liquids
 - Solvents, oils, LPG dielectric constant < 3
 - Chemical mixtures dielectric constant 3 ... 10
 - Water-based dielectric constant > 10
- Bulk solids
 - Dusts, wood chips dielectric constant < 1.5
 - Granules, dusts, powders dielectric constant 1.5 ... 3
 - Cereals, flour dielectric constant > 3

Application - Interface measurement

The interface measurement refers to the phase limit between two liquids. The total level is also available as a measured value.

- Superimposed gas phase present
 - Check if there is a superimposed gas phase in the vessel. This
 is always the case if the total level never touches the process
 fitting.
- Properties
 - Here you can enter the dielectric constant of the upper medium
 - As an alternative you can enter the distance to the interface

Step 3 Adjustment

Adjustment for the level measurement

If you have selected level measurement in the previous menu, then you can enter the values for the min. and max. adjustment. The value to be entered refers to the distance from the sealing surface of the process fitting (sensor reference plane) to the surface of the product.

Adjustment for the level and interface measurement

If you have selected interface measurement in the previous menu, then you can enter the values for the min. and max. adjustment of level and interface or accept the values of the level measurement. The entered value refers to the distance from the sealing surface of the process fitting (sensor reference plane) to the total level or interface.

Linearization is required if the measured value should be outputted in proportion to the volume and not the level. The linearization acts

Step 4 Linearization

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identically on the level and the interface measurement. You can find further linearization types in the extended adjustment.

If you have a non-linear vessel, you can select here the respective linearization curve.

- Linear
- Spherical tank
- Horizontal cylindrical tank

You must enter the following vessel dimensions with non-linear conditions:

- Height of the socket h
- Vessel height D

Sensor optimization

Step 6

R

MAN 1000244872 EN Version: - Status:

In this window you can adjust the output signal. When the function is inactive, you can change the settings via the "*Extended adjustment*".

These settings allow you to optimize the sensor. With them you can compare a sounded distance with the indicated value and correct it, if necessary.

Probe immersed in the liquid (covered) Select whether or not the probe is immersed in the medium.

Measured distance to the medium

If the probe is immersed in the medium, you can enter here the measured distance to the medium.

Displayed distance correct?

Is the displayed distance value correct? If you have the possibility, you can enter here the sounded distance to the medium.

False signal suppression

With this function you can carry out the automatic false signal suppression. We recommend carrying out false signal suppression in any case.

Step 7When the sAdditional settingsbe made. T

When the setup of the instrument is finished, additional settings can be made. These are various backups and the locking of the instrument against unauthorised or inadvertent adjustment.

Prepare a backup file of the instrument parameter adjustment?

For backup purposes, the current parameter adjustment of the instrument is stored in a file. You can use this file later on to restore the instrument parameter adjustment. The complete data set is downloaded from the device. This procedure can last several minutes.

Create instrument documentation?

This function is used to print or create a PDF file of the current parameter adjustment. To read the PDF file, you need a suitable program (for example Acrobat Reader). To print or create the PDF file, all data are downloaded from the device. For this function, the full version of the DTM Collection is required. This procedure can last several minutes.

Store echo curve of the setup in the sensor?

Have you completed the initial setup of the instrument? In such case, we recommend storing the current signal conditions in the device for later instrument tests and diagnostics.

Lock adjustment with PIN after setting?

The instrument is locked with the current PIN. A parameter adjustment is possible only after the PIN is entered again.

7.4 Saving the parameter adjustment data

We recommend documenting or saving the parameter adjustment data via PACTware. That way the data are available for multiple use or service purposes.

8 Set up with other systems

8.1 DD adjustment programs

Device descriptions as Enhanced Device Description (EDD) are available for DD adjustment programs such as, for example, AMS[™] and PDM.

8.2 Field Communicator 375, 475

Device descriptions for the instrument are available as EDD for parameter adjustment with the Field Communicator 375 or 475.

For the integration of the EDD in the Field Communicator 375 or 475, the software "Easy Upgrade Utility" is required which is available from the manufacturer. This software is updated via the Internet and new EDDs are automatically taken over into the device catalogue of this software after they are released by the manufacturer. They can then be transferred to a Field Communicator.

9 Diagnostics and service

9.1 Maintenance

If the device is used correctly, no maintenance is required in normal operation.

9.2 Diagnosis memory

The instrument has several memories which are available for diagnosis purposes. The data remain even with voltage interruption.

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Up to 100,000 measured values can be stored in the sensor in a ring memory. Each entry contains date/time as well as the respective measured value. Storable values are for example:

- Distance
- Filling height
- Percentage value
- Lin. percent
- Scaled
- Current value
- Meas. reliability
- Electronics temperature

When the instrument is shipped, the measured value memory is active and stores distance, measurement certainty and electronics temperature every 3 minutes.

In "Extended adjustment" you can select the respective measured values.

The requested values and recording conditions are set via a PC with PACTware/DTM or the control system with EDD. Data are thus read out and also reset.

Up to 500 events are automatically stored with a time stamp in the sensor (non-deletable). Each entry contains date/time, event type, event description and value. Event types are for example:

- Modification of a parameter
- Switch-on and switch-off times
- Status messages (according to NE 107)
- Error messages (according to NE 107)

The data are read out via a PC with PACTware/DTM or the control system with EDD.

Echo curve memory

Evzent memory ≝

> The echo curves are stored with date and time and the corresponding echo data. The memory is divided into two sections:

Echo curve of the setup: This is used as reference echo curve for the measurement conditions during setup. Changes in the measurement conditions during operation or buildup on the sensor can thus be recognized. The echo curve of the setup is stored via:

- PC with PACTware/DTM
- Control system with EDD



• Display and adjustment module

Further echo curves: Up to 10 echo curves can be stored in a ring buffer in this memory section. Further echo curves are stored via:

- PC with PACTware/DTM
- Control system with EDD
- Display and adjustment module

9.3 Status messages

The instrument features self-monitoring and diagnostics according to NE 107 and VDI/VDE 2650. In addition to the status messages in the following tables there are more detailed error messages available under the menu item "*Diagnostics*" via the display and adjustment module, PACTware/DTM and EDD.

The status messages are divided into the following categories:

- Failure
- Function check
- Out of specification
- Maintenance requirement

and explained by pictographs:



Fig. 15: Pictographs of the status messages

- 1 Failure red
- 2 Out of specification yellow
- 3 Function check orange
- 4 Maintenance blue

Failure: Due to a malfunction in the instrument, a failure message is outputted.

This status message is always active. It cannot be deactivated by the user.

Function check: The instrument is in operation, the measured value is temporarily invalid (for example during simulation).

This status message is inactive by default. It can be activated by the user via PACTware/DTM or EDD.

Out of specification: The measured value is unstable because the instrument specification is exceeded (e.g. electronics temperature).

This status message is inactive by default. It can be activated by the user via PACTware/DTM or EDD.

Maintenance: Due to external influences, the instrument function is limited. The measurement is affected, but the measured value is

still valid. Plan in maintenance for the instrument because a failure is expected in the near future (e.g. due to buildup).

This status message is inactive by default. It can be activated by the user via PACTware/DTM or EDD.

The following table shows the error codes in the status message "*Failure*" and gives information on the reason and rectification. Keep in mind that some information is only valid with four-wire instruments.

Code	Cause	Rectification
Text mes- sage		
F013 no measured value avail- able	 Sensor does not detect an echo during operation Process component or probe contaminated or defective 	 Check or correct installation and/or parameter adjust- ment Clean or exchange process component or probe
F017 Adjustment span too small	 Adjustment not within specification 	 Change adjustment accord- ing to the limit values (dif- ference between min. and max. ≥ 10 mm)
F025 Error in the linearization table	 Index markers are not con- tinuously rising, for example illogical value pairs 	 Check values of the lineari- zation table Delete/create a new lineari- zation table
F036 No operable software	 Failed or interrupted soft- ware update 	 Repeat software update Check electronics version Exchanging the electronics Send instrument for repair
F040 Error in the electronics	 Hardware defect 	 Exchanging the electronics Send instrument for repair
F041 Probe loss	 Cable probe broken or rod probe defective 	 Check probe and exchange, if necessary
F080 General soft- ware error	- General software error	 Disconnect operating volt- age briefly
F105 Measured value is deter- mined	 The instrument is still in the start phase, the measured value could not yet be determined 	 Wait for the end of the switch-on phase Duration depending on the version and parameter adjustment max. 5 min.
F113 Communica- tion error	 EMC interference Transmission error with the external communication with 4-wire power supply unit 	 Remove EMC influences Exchange 4-wire power supply unit or electronics



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Code	Cause	Rectification	
Text mes- sage			
F125	 Temperature of the elec- 	- Check ambient temperature	
Impermissi- ble electronics temperature	tronics in the non-specified section	 Isolate electronics Use instrument with higher temperature range 	
F260	 Error in the calibration car- 	 Exchanging the electronics 	
Error in the calibration	ried out in the factoryError in the EEPROM	 Send instrument for repair 	
F261	 Error during setup 	 Carry out a reset 	
Error in the instrument settings	 Error when carrying out a reset False signal suppression faulty 	 Repeat setup 	
F264	 Error during setup 	- Check or correct installation	
Installation/		and/or parameter adjust- ment	
Setup error		 Check probe length 	
F265	 Sensor no longer carries 	 Carry out a reset 	
Measurement function dis- turbed	out a measurement	 Disconnect operating volt- age briefly 	
F266	 Operating voltage below 	 Check electrical connection 	
Impermissi- ble operating voltage	specified range	 if necessary, increase operating voltage 	
F267	 Sensor cannot start 	 Exchanging the electronics 	
No executable sensor soft- ware		 Send instrument for repair 	

The following table shows the error codes and text messages in the status message "Function check" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

Code	Cause	Rectification
Text mes-		
sage		
C700	 A simulation is active 	 Finish simulation
Simulation ac- tive		 Wait for the automatic end after 60 mins.

Out of specification

The following table shows the error codes and text messages in the status message "Out of specification" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

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Code	Cause	Rectification
Text mes- sage		
S600 Impermissi- ble electronics	 Temperature of the pro- cessing electronics in the non-specified section 	 Check ambient temperature Isolate electronics Use instrument with higher
temperature		temperature range
S601 Overfilling	 Level echo in the close range not available 	 Reduce level 100 % adjustment: Increase value Check mounting socket Remove possible interfering signals in the close range Use coaxial probe
S602 Level with- in the search range, com- pensation echo	 Compensation echo super- imposed by medium 	 100 % adjustment: Increase value
S603 Impermissi- ble operating voltage	 Operating voltage below specified range 	 Check electrical connection if necessary, increase operating voltage

The following table shows the error codes and text messages in the status message "Maintenance" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

Code Text mes-	Cause	Rectification
M500 Error in the delivery sta- tus	 With the reset to delivery status, the data could not be restored 	 Repeat reset Load XML file with sensor data into the sensor
M501 Error in the non-active linearization table	 Hardware error EEPROM 	 Exchanging the electronics Send instrument for repair
M502 Error in the event memory	 Hardware error EEPROM 	 Exchanging the electronics Send instrument for repair
M503 Reliability too low	 Measurement certainty is too low for a reliable meas- urement Process component or probe contaminated or defective 	 Check installation and process conditions Clean or exchange process component or probe



	Code	Cause	Rectification	
ted: 22.09.2017	Text mes- sage			
	M504 Error on an device inter- face	 Hardware defect 	 Exchanging the electronics Send instrument for repair 	
oen) prir	M505 no measured value avail-	 Sensor does not detect an echo during operation 	 Check and correct instal- lation and/or parameter adjustment 	
: - Status: RL (released freigeget	able	 Process component or probe contaminated or defective 	 Clean or exchange process component or probe 	
	M506 Installation/ Setup error	 Error during setup 	 Check and correct instal- lation and/or parameter adjustment Check probe length 	
	M507 Error in the instrument settings	 Error during setup Error when carrying out a reset False signal suppression faulty 	 Carry out reset and repeat setup 	
Reaction when malfunc-	9.4 Recti	i fy faults of the system is responsible faults	for taking suitable meas-	
	ures to rectiny iduits.			

The first measures are:

- Evaluation of fault messages, for example via the display and • adjustment module
- Checking the output signal
- Treatment of measurement errors •

Further comprehensive diagnostics options are available with a PC with PACTware and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the reasons can be determined in this way and faults rectified.

Connect a multimeter in the suitable measuring range according to the wiring plan. The following table describes possible errors in the current signal and helps to remove them:

Error	Cause	Rectification
4 20 mA signal not stable	 Fluctuations of the measured variable 	 Set damping according to the instrument via the display and adjustment module or PACTware/ DTM

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Check the 4 ... 20 mA signal

Repocedure for fault recti-

figation NW

Error	Cause	Rectification
4 20 mA signal missing	 Electrical con- nection faulty 	 Check connection according to chapter "Connection steps" and if necessary, correct according to chapter "Wiring plan"
	 Voltage supply missing 	 Check cables for breaks; repair if necessary
	 Operating volt- age too low or load resistance too high 	 Check, adapt if necessary
Current sig- nal greater than 22 mA or less than 3.6 mA	 Electronics module in the sensor defec- tive 	 Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

ment errors

The below tables show typical examples for application-relevant measurement errors. There are two measurement errors:

- Constant level
- Filling •
- Emptying •

The images in column "Error pattern" show the real level with a broken line and the level displayed by the sensor as a continuous line.



Fig. 16: The broken line 1 shows the real level, the continuous line 2 shows the level displayed by the sensor

Note:

- Wherever the sensor displays a constant value, the reason could also be the fault setting of the current output to "Hold value"
- In case of a too low level indication, the reason could be a line resistance that is too high

Measurement error with constant level

Fault description	Error pattern	Cause	Rectification
fNMeasured value	rever	 Min./max. adjustment not correct 	 Adapt min./max. adjustment
high level		 Wrong linearization curve 	 Adapt linearization curve
sn) printed	0 <u>5 5m</u> 8	 Running time error (small measurement error close to 100 %/serious error close to 0 %) 	- Repeat setup
2aMeasured value jumps towards 100 % 	δ Ema	 Due to the process, the amplitude of the product echo sinks A false signal suppression was not carried out 	 Carry out a false signal sup- pression
. (released		 Amplitude or position of a false signal has changed (e.g. buildup); false signal suppres- sion no longer matches 	 Determine the reason for the changed false signals, carry out false signal suppression, e.g. with buildup

ੌਟ Measurement error during filling

Foult description	Error pattern	Cause	Rectification
3. Measured value re- mains in the area of the battom during filling	D I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	- Echo from the probe end larger than the product echo, for example, with products with $\varepsilon_r < 2.5$ oil-based, solvents, etc.	 Check parameter "Medium" and "Vessel height", adapt if necessary
AuMeasured value re- reains momentarily uchanged during fill- it and then jumps to the correct level	loor term	 Turbulence on the product surface, quick filling 	 Check parameters, change if necessary, e.g. in dosing ves- sel, reactor
EMeasured value jumps sporadically to 1900 % during filling		 Changing condensation or contamination on the probe 	 Carry out a false signal sup- pression
6. Measured value jumps to ≥ 100 % or 0 m distance		 Level echo is no longer detected in the close range due to false signals in the close range. The sensor goes into overfill protection mode. The max. level (0 m distance) as well as the status message "Overfill protection" are output- ted. 	 Eliminate false signals in the close range Check installation conditions If possible, switch off the function "Overfill protection"

Measurement error during emptying

Fault description	Error pattern	Cause	Rectification
Ameasured value re- mains unchanged in the close range during amptying the close range during amptying the close range during amptying the close range during the clo	The second secon	 False echo larger than the level echo Level echo too small 	 Eliminate false signals in the close range Remove contamination on the probe. After having removed the source of the false signals, the false signal suppression must be deleted. Carry out a new false signal suppression
Weasured value re- mains reproducible infone position during emptying	rearry for the second s	 Stored false signals in this position are larger than the level echo 	 Delete false signal memory Carry out a new false signal suppression

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter "*Setup*" must be carried out again or must be checked for plausibility and completeness.

9.5 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.



In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, the electronics module can be ordered through the agency serving you. The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor and differ in signal output or voltage supply.

The new electronics module must be loaded with the default settings of the sensor. These are the options:

- In the factory
- Or on site by the user

In both cases, the serial number of the sensor is needed. The serial numbers are stated on the type label of the instrument, on the inside of the housing as well as on the delivery note.

When loading on site, first of all the order data must be downloaded from the Internet (see operating instructions manual "*Electronics module*").



Caution:

All user-specific settings must be entered again. Hence, you have to carry out a new setup after the electronics exchange.

If you have stored the data of the parameter adjustment during the first setup of the sensor, you can transfer these to the replacement electronics module. A new setup is no more necessary.

9.6 Software update

The following components are required to update the sensor software:



- Sensor
- Voltage supply
- HART modem
- PC with PACTware
- Current sensor software as file

You can find the actual sensor software as well as detailed information of the procedure in the download area on our homepage: <u>www.buerkert.com</u>.

You can find information about the installation in the download file.



Caution:

Instruments with approvals can be bound to certain software versions. Therefore make sure that the approval is still effective after a software update is carried out.

You can find detailed information in the download area on our homepage: <u>www.buerkert.com</u>.

9.7 How to proceed if a repair is needed

If it is necessary to repair the instrument, please contact the agency serving you.

10 Dismounting

10.1 Dismounting steps

Warning:

Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "*Mounting*" and "*Connecting to power supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

10.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the parts to be easily separable.

Correct disposal avoids negative effects on humans and the environment and ensures recycling of useful raw materials.

Materials: see chapter "Technical data"

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

WEEE directive 2002/96/EG

This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive 2002/96/EG and the respective national laws. Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points. These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive.

11 Supplement

14.1 Technical data General data

<u> </u>	
3 6L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435	
Materials, wetted parts	
- Process fitting	316L and PEEK, Alloy C22 (2.4602) and PEEK
-Process seal on the instrument side	FKM, FFKM, EPDM, Silikon FEP-ummantelt
- Brocess fitting - for volatile substances	316L
-Process seal (process side) - for vola- gile substances such as e.g. Ammonia	Borosilicate glass GPC 540 with 316L and Alloy C221)
-%Process seal	On site (instruments with thread: Klingersil C-4400 is attached)
- Inner conductor (up to the separation rod)	316L
-⊒Spacers	PFA
-លាube: ø 21.3 mm (0.839 in)	316L or Alloy C22 (2.4602)
Tube: ø 42.2 mm (1.661 in)	316L or Alloy C22 (2.4602)
$M_{\underline{a}}^{\underline{O}}$ terials, non-wetted parts	
-≫Housing	plastic PBT (Polyester), 316L
\underline{Z} Second line of defence (optional)	Borosilicate glass GPC 540 with 316L and Alloy C22
-Seal between housing and housing	Silicone
-Sonspection window in housing cover Soptional)	Polycarbonate
-Ground terminal	316L
Second line of defence (optional)	
 Supporting material 	316L
 Glass potting 	Borosilicate glass GPC 540
- Contacts	Alloy C22
 Helium leak rate 	< 10 ⁻⁶ mbar l/s
 Pressure resistance 	See process pressure of the sensor
Ohmic contact	Between ground terminal, process fitting and probe
Process fittings - tube: ø 21.3 mm (0.839	in)
- Pipe thread, cylindrical (ISO 228 T1)	G¾, G1, G1½ according to DIN 3852-A
 American pipe thread, conical (ASME B1.20.1) 	34 NPT, 1 NPT, 1½ NPT
- Flanges	e.g. DIN from DN 25, ANSI from 1"

¹⁾ Not suitable for hot steam applications

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Process fittings - tube: ø 42.2 mm (1.661	in)
-Pipe thread, cylindrical (ISO 228 T1)	G1 ¹ / ₂ according to DIN 3852-A
American pipe thread, conical	1½ NPT
-XFlanges	DIN from DN 50, ANSI from 2"
Weight	
Hanstrument weight (depending on Process fitting)	approx. 0.8 8 kg (0.176 17.64 lbs)
-ອຼົTube: ø 21.3 mm (0.839 in)	approx. 1110 g/m (11.9 oz/ft)
- 🔂 ube: ø 42.2 mm (1.661 in)	approx. 3100 g/m (33.3 oz/ft)
Pothe length L (from seal surface)	
-⊑Tube: ø 21.3 mm (0.839 in)	up to 6 m (19.69 ft)
- gTube: ø 42.2 mm (1.661 in)	up to 6 m (19.69 ft)
-oTrimming accuracy - tube	±1 mm
Lateral load	
Tube: ø 21.3 mm (0.839 in)	60 Nm (44 lbf ft)
-ETube: ø 42.2 mm (1.661 in)	300 Nm (221 lbf ft)
Terque for NPT cable glands and Conduit	: max. 10 Nm (7.376 lbf ft)
tubes	
Measured variable	l evel of liquids
Min dielectric constant of the medium	c > 1.4
	0 ₇ 2 1.4
448	
000	
1	
AA	
Σ	





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2) The output values can be assigned individually

Indication value - DIsplay and adjustment module³⁾

-Displayed value 1	Filling height Level
-Spisplayed value 2	Electronics temperature
Resolution, digital	< 1 mm (0.039 in)

Agcuracy (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Piecess reference conditions according to	DIN EN 61298-1
- Temperature	+18 +30 °C (+64 +86 °F)
-gRelative humidity	45 75 %
Air pressure	+860 +1060 mbar/+86 +106 kPa (+12.5 +15.4 psig)
In <u>stallation reference conditions</u>	
- Min. distance to installations	> 500 mm (19.69 in)
	metallic, ø 1 m (3.281 ft), centric installation, process fitting flush with the vessel ceiling
-₩edium	Water/Oil (dielectric constant ~2.0)4)
-ginstallation	Probe end does not touch the vessel bottom
Sansor parameter adjustment	No gating out of false signals carried out
Typical deviation - Interface measure-	± 5 mm (0.197 in)
Typical deviation - Total level interface	± 5 mm (0.197 in)
Typical deviation - Level measurement ⁵⁾⁶⁾	See following diagrams
Max. deviation - Version with reference	± 10 mm (0.39 in)
Deviating upper dead band - Version with reference distance	450 mm (17.7 in)
z	

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- $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3)}~$ The indication values can be assigned individually
- ⁴⁾ With interface measurement = 2.0
- ⁵⁾ Depending on the installation conditions, there can be deviations which can be rectified with an adaptation of the adjustment or a change of the measured value offset in the DTM service mode
- ⁶⁾ The dead bands can be optimizes by a false signal suppression.



< ±15 µA

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7) Also for the additional current output (optional)

Deviation on the current output through

analogue/digital conversion

Additional deviation through electromag- $< \pm 150 \ \mu A$ netic interference acc. to EN 61326

Influence of the superimposed gas and pressure to the accuracy

The propagation speed of the radar impulses in gas or vapour above the medium is reduced by high pressure. This effect depends on the superimposed gas or vapour and is especially large at low temperatures.

The following table shows the resulting deviation for some typical gases and vapours. The specified values refer to the distance. Positive values mean that the measured distance is too large, negative values that the measured distance is too small.

Gas phase	Temperature		Pressure	
reig		1 bar (14.5 psig)	10 bar (145 psig)	50 bar (725 psig)
released	20 °C/68 °F	0.00 %	0.22 %	1.2 %
	200 °C/392 °F	-0.01 %	0.13 %	0.74 %
	400 °C/752 °F	-0.02 %	0.08 %	0.52 %
Hydrogen	20 °C/68 °F	-0.01 %	0.10 %	0.61 %
	200 °C/392 °F	-0.02 %	0.05 %	0.37 %
Stat	400 °C/752 °F	-0.02 %	0.03 %	0.25 %
Steam (saturated	100 °C/212 °F	0.26 %	-	-
steam) is: N	180 °C/356 °F	0.17 %	2.1 %	-
	264 °C/507 °F	0.12 %	1.44 %	9.2 %
	366 °C/691 °F	0.07 %	1.01 %	5.7 %

Characteristics and performance data		
Measuring cycle time	< 500 ms	
Sep response time ⁸⁾	≤3s	
Max. filling/emptying speed	1 m/min	
An bient conditions		

Ambient, storage and transport tempera- -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F) ture

Process conditions

For the process conditions, please also note the specifications on the type label. The lowest value always applies.

The measurement error through the process conditions in the specified pressure and temperature range is < 1 %.

Process pressure

 Standard version 	-1 +40 bar/-100 +4000 kPa (-14.5 +580 psig), depending on the process fitting
 with borosilicate glass leadthrough 	-1 +100 bar/-100 +10000 kPa (-14.5 +1450 psig), depending on the process fitting

^{a)} Time span after a sudden measuring distance change by max. 0.5 m in liquid applications, max 2 m with bulk solids applications, until the output signal has taken for the first time 90 % of the final value (IEC 61298-2).



Fig. 29: Ambient temperature - process temperature, version with temperature adapter

- 1 Ambient temperature
- 2 Process temperature (depending on the seal material)
- 3 Maximum permissible temperature standard

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Materials

– Housing	ABS
-anspection window	Polyester foil
-0	
Integrated clock	
Date format	Day.Month.Year
Tigne format	12 h/24 h
Time zone Ex factory	CET
Rete deviation max.	10.5 min/year
Masurement electronics temerature	
Resolution	1 °C (1.8 °F)
Agcuracy	±1 °C (1.8 °F)
Permissible temperature range	-40 +85 °C (-40 +185 °F)
Voltage supply	
Operating voltage	
	9.6 35 V DC
-ŽEx-ia instrument	9.6 30 V DC
- ====================================	15 35 V DC
Operating voltage with illuminated display	<i>i</i> and adjustment module
-Non-Ex instrument, Ex-d instrument	16 35 V DC
Z - Ex-ia instrument	16 30 V DC
-Ex-d-ia instrument	20 35 V DC
Interpolation protection	Integrated
Permissible residual ripple - Non-Ex, Ex-ia	a instrument
- Frequency	16 400 Hz
Z -≪tor 12 V< U, < 18 V	≤ 0.7 V."
≥ - for 18 V< U., < 35 V	≤ 1.0 V "
Permissible residual ripple - Ex-d-ia instru	iment
- Frequency	16 400 Hz
- for 18 V< U., < 35 V	≤ 1.0 V "
Load resistor	EIT EIT
- Calculation	(U ₂ - U ₂)/0.0215 A
 Example - Non-Ex instrument with 	(24 V - 9.6 V)/0.0215 A = 670 O
U _B = 24 V DC	
Electrical protective measures	
Protection rating	IP 66/IP 67 (NEMA 4X)
Overvoltage category	(III ⁹⁾

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9) IEC 61010-1


Protection class

|||¹⁰⁾

Approvals

Instruments with approvals can have deviating technical data (depending on the version). For such instruments, the corresponding approval documents must be noted.

1¹/<u>1</u>.2 Dimensions

Heusing



Fig 31: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) - with integrated display and adjustment module the hogesing is 4 mm/0.16 in higher

 $1 \stackrel{\sigma}{>}$ Housing without display and adjustment module

2 Housing with transparent cover for display and adjustment module

10) IEC 61010-1



LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188, coax version



FIS: 32: LEVEL TRANSMITTER 8188, threaded version

L Sensor length, see chapter "Technical data"

1 Coaxial version ø 21.3 mm (0.839 in)

2 Coaxial version ø 42.2 mm (1.661 in)



11.3 Trademark

All the brands as well as trade and company names used are property of their lawful proprietor/ orginator.

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